ARTICLE XII -- HIRING, ASSIGNING AND TRANSFERRING INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL

Section 1. Hiring and Assignment of Instructional Personnel

The hiring of instructional personnel is a centralized function. The selection of teachers for a particular location (assignment) is the responsibility of the principal, from among those employees who have been cleared by instructional staffing as to eligibility to teach in the M-DCPS.

The parties recognize the organizational and educational value of a diverse, highly qualified instructional workforce. In that regard, M-DCPS and UTD endorse School Board Rule 6Gx13-4A-1.01.

Section 2. Teacher Certification

- A. Certification and recertification of M-DCPS personnel are authorized by Florida Statutes, Chapter 231 and State Board Rule 6A-4.
- B. The M-DCPS Certification Office shall provide verification that applicants are certifiable for such programs, as specified by the Contract.
- C. Nothing in this Section shall affect an employee's ability to receive a credential payment to which he/she would otherwise be entitled.
- D. It is the express intent of the Board and the Union that teachers shall be assigned in the fields for which they are certified. Principals, therefore, have the responsibility to ensure that teachers who are hired for a school assignment are appropriately certified for such assignment. Furthermore, it is the responsibility of the principal, in assigning or scheduling teachers, to ensure that appropriate certification is held by the teacher to be assigned or scheduled. Verification of certification held by a teacher or verification of certification in process shall be requested by the principal, when necessary, from the Office of Human Resources.
- E. Certification
 - 1. All teachers shall be appropriately certified. In the event that it is necessary to hire a teacher out-of-field, the principal shall obtain verification from Human Resources that no qualified applicants are available for the position. Human Resources and the principal shall notify the teacher that he/she is required, in order to remain at the school, to earn a minimum of six college credits per year toward certification in the appropriate field.
 - 2. Teachers who are offered employment to teach in the out-of-field areas must present to Instructional Certification evidence of successful completion of a minimum of six semester credit hours or equivalent course work towards in-field certification each year. In-field certification must be attained in three years or

the teacher shall be subject to reassignment in-field, if a position is available, or subject to termination.

- 3. Failure to obtain the minimum of six college credits per year toward required certification shall result in reassignment in-field if a position is available or termination. Severe extenuating circumstances may be appealed to the Chief Officer for Human Resources.
- F. Employees hired as teachers prior to the 1997-98 school year, who were assigned to teach in out-of-field areas, and are still currently teaching in those positions, shall obtain appropriate certification no later than June 30, of the current year, or shall be subject to reassignment in-field, if a position is available or be subject to termination.
- G. The parties agree to establish a joint Ad Hoc Teacher Certification Committee, to be appointed by the Superintendent and the UTD President or Designee, for the purpose of initiating, developing, and implementing recommendations regarding in-field teacher certification, employment guidelines for temporary instructor, adult education, and non-degreed vocational education teachers, and other related issues (e.g., incentives for multiple certification, alternative certification models, review of Florida Statutes and Department of Education (DOE) Rules for desired modifications).
- H. Out-of-field teachers needing the ESOL endorsement must complete three semester hours or 60 Master Plan Points (MPP) toward the ESOL endorsement requirements within two years of the date of initial ESOL assignment. At least three semester hours or 60 MPP toward the ESOL endorsement must be completed each calendar year, thereafter, until all requirements for the ESOL endorsement are complete.
- I. A teacher who holds a professional certificate may use college credits or inservice points completed in English for Speakers of Other Languages training in excess of six semester hours during one certificate- validity period toward renewal of the professional certificate during the subsequent validity periods.
- J. A teacher who holds a temporary certificate may use college credits or inservice points completed in English for Speakers of Other Languages training toward renewal of the teacher's first professional certificate. Such training must not have been included within the degree program, and the teacher's temporary and professional certificates must be issued for consecutive school years.
- K. Beginning with the 2001-2002 school year, newly hired teachers who failed any section of the required general knowledge test must participate in training courses offered by the Teacher Education Center during the first year of employment.

Section 3. Appointment/Reappointment

- A. All employees of the school system are appointed by the Board, upon the nomination of the Superintendent.
- B. Any former employee, who is subsequently reemployed by the Board without a break

in service, shall have his/her resignation rescinded by the Board and shall be eligible for all benefits that would have accrued to him/her had he/she not submitted a resignation.

C. Any teacher (except those receiving retirement pay from a State of Florida retirement program) employed by the Board after the cut-off date for receiving credit for a contract year, as provided in state law, shall be employed as a temporary instructor, except where otherwise authorized by the appropriate ACCESS Center Assistant Superintendent. Such temporary instructors shall receive first consideration for employment in the subsequent school year, provided they have been rated acceptable on their annual evaluation.

Section 4. Reemployment After Retirement

- A. Pursuant to state law, former employees who have been retired for one calendar month may be re-employed as emergency temporary instructors (provided they meet the employment criteria) for up to 780 hours during the first 12 calendar months after retirement without suspension of their retirement benefits. Former employees may also be re-employed as hourly teachers on a non-contractual basis after being retired for one calendar month.
- B. At the end of the 12-calendar-month period, there are no restrictions or limitations on reemployment which affect retirement benefits.
- C. Nothing in this Section constitutes a guarantee of employment.
- D. Any teacher receiving retirement pay from a State of Florida retirement program may be rehired for a specific term of employment to fill a full-time position in a critical staff shortage area, as defined in this Contract, or in other instructional areas where the Office of Human Resources has determined that no qualified teachers are available. Approval for such employment will be made on an individual basis by the Chief Personnel Officer for Human Resources (or designee). Such employees shall receive the same pay and benefits as regular full-time teachers for the term of their employment contract.
- E. Re-employed retirees who accrue sick leave days subsequent to retirement shall be paid at the daily rate they earned at the time they first became eligible for retirement.

Section 5. New Teacher Orientation

Teachers new to M-DCPS shall participate in a five-day orientation which will immediately precede the first day of school for regular teachers. Such additional days shall be considered as part of the regular school year and shall be used in computing new teachers' daily rates of pay for the year. The parties agree to jointly develop, implement, and monitor this orientation program on an annual basis.

Section 6. Assignment of Surplus Personnel

A. In cases where employees are surplus at a work location, as a result of reduction in

allocation, seniority shall be determined as follows:

- 1. Secondary teachers and middle school teachers teaching secondary subject areas -- by subject area taught (with the least contractual credit in the M-DCPS). For ESOL teachers, ESOL is the subject area taught. In those instances where teachers may be teaching more than one subject area, they shall, for the purposes of this Provision, be considered to be teaching the subject area of which they have the largest number of classes. For science and foreign language, surplus shall be by area of state certification.
- 2. Surplus at the elementary school level and for middle school teachers teaching elementary grades shall be from the least senior in the Pre-K-Kindergarten, one through six program with the following exceptions:
 - a. Pre-K and Kindergarten teachers shall not be declared surplus if a school does not have a certified Pre-K or kindergarten teacher who can be reassigned to the Pre-K or kindergarten opening;
 - b. ESOL teachers, in pull-out or self-contained classes, shall not be declared surplus if a school does not have a certified/qualified ESOL teacher who can be reassigned to the ESOL opening; and,
 - c. Spanish-S, Spanish SL, and Basic Skills in the Home Language shall be considered as a single category for surplus purposes. However, Basic Skills in the Home Language shall not be declared surplus if a school does not have a linguistically-qualified teacher to deliver the program in the home language of the students.
- 3. Teachers of gifted students shall not be declared surplus if a school does not have a certified gifted teacher who can be reassigned to the gifted opening.
- 4. Exceptions to these provisions, based upon the need to provide criticallyneeded programs to meet the unique needs of affected students, and/or in response to emergency situations, as declared by the Superintendent, may be requested by the principal and will be reviewed by a joint M-DCPS/UTD committee. Such requests shall be made, in writing, to the Assistant Superintendent for Instructional Staffing.
- B. In determining seniority of an employee, all prior contracted services with the M-DCPS, regardless of work location where such service was performed, are to be credited for the purpose of determining contract status. Further, in determining seniority at a work location, if two or more employees have the same contractual status, seniority shall be determined by initial date of employment, as indicated by the date on which the Request for Personnel Action (RPA) was executed. Personnel on approved leave from a specific work location shall, for the first year of leave, have a guarantee of return to the same work location and shall be included in the roster when determining seniority. No surplus transfer shall cause a demotion. Demotion shall

mean a reassignment in which the employee receives less base salary than in the assignment held previously. (This does not apply to supplements, compensation in excess of the base salary, or conversion from 11-month or 12-month employment to 10-month status.) Surplus assignment from an 11-month or 12-month position to a 10-month position may occur only after the Office of Human Resources has determined that there are no 11- or 12-month positions available in the district for which the employee is certified, and will be done in accordance with surplus provisions found in this Article.

- C. In the event that the employee is declared surplus, when the employee is absent from active duty in the school system, the employee shall be promptly notified in writing.
- D. Employees who are subject to surplus transfer shall have the right to occupy a position for which they are qualified before any new employees are assigned to the same or similar position(s).
- E. Employees declared surplus shall not be required to make application for reassignment. It shall be the obligation of the Office of Human Resources to reassign and notify all surplus employees as soon as possible. Surplus employees may make application for reassignment after being notified of surplus status. If accepted to fill a valid vacancy, said employees will be reassigned to that vacancy. Notification of such reassignment shall be expeditiously made by the Office of Human Resources.
- F. When schools are paired or grouped and grade levels are reassigned between or among schools, teachers will be reassigned within the grade levels they are presently teaching, whenever possible. If grade levels remain intact, but pupil populations only are shifted, teachers will not be reassigned. If the actions described above result in a reduction in teacher allocations for any particular school, the surplus personnel will be reassigned.

Surplus personnel resulting from pairing or grouping of schools will be determined as follows:

- 1. The person or persons in that school with least contractual credit in the M-DCPS (not present school) will be declared surplus.
- 2. In elementary schools and middle schools with elementary grades, the person or persons in 1. will be designated from the grade levels, i.e., Pre-K, kindergarten, or from grades one through six.
- 3. In secondary schools and middle schools with secondary subject areas, the person or persons in 1. will be designated by subject areas.
- G. If the opening of a new school results in a reduction in teacher allocation for any particular school(s), the surplus personnel will be assigned to the new school, insofar as practical.
- H. Employees should not be reassigned, except as a result of reduction in allocation, or

on a voluntary basis, or as described in Section 6(L) of this Article.

- I. In the event of a change in the grade configuration of a school, teachers of said school will be reassigned in the following manner:
 - 1. Teachers of such schools will be notified of the change in grade configuration;
 - 2. First consideration will be given to those teachers who request a voluntary transfer to the receiving school;
 - 3. If there is an insufficient number of voluntary transfer requests, the procedures for the transfer of surplus personnel will be implemented, with the least senior teachers being surplused to the appropriate level or subject area; and
 - 4. Where there are more teachers from sending schools requesting voluntary transfers to a receiving school than there are openings in the receiving school, the principal will interview all such candidates from the sending schools (of students assigned to the receiving school) prior to determining which candidate(s) will be selected.
- J. When a new school is built to relieve overcrowding of a school, and/or as a replacement for an existing school, teachers will be reassigned in the following manner:
 - 1. Teachers of said school will be notified of the openings at the new school and the opportunity to request voluntary transfer to schools/areas of their choice;
 - 2. First consideration will be given to those teachers who request a voluntary transfer to the receiving school;
 - 3. Where there are more teachers from sending schools requesting voluntary transfer to a school than there are openings in the school, the principal and appropriate staff will interview all such candidates from the sending schools (of students assigned to the school), prior to determining which candidate(s) will be selected; and
 - 4. When a surplus is to occur, the procedures for the declaring of personnel surplus will be implemented, with the least senior teachers being declared surplus in the appropriate level or subject area.
- K. Determinations of surplus personnel for employees assigned by ACCESS Centers to teach art, music, physical education, and exceptional student education at the elementary school level shall be governed by the following provisions:
 - 1. The least senior person at a work location in an impacted position shall be deemed surplus;

- 2. When exceptional student education units at a work location are reduced or moved to another school, the least senior person teaching in that particular exceptionality shall be deemed surplus; and
- 3. If there is a need to surplus educational specialists, placement specialists, school social workers, psychologists, or any other bargaining unit members assigned by or at the ACCESS Centers, the least senior person at a work location in the affected job category shall be deemed surplus.

Exceptions to these provisions, based upon the unique needs of affected students, shall be granted upon request of the principal and approval by the ACCESS Center Assistant Superintendent or designee. Where requested by the Union, the ACCESS Center Assistant Superintendent or designee shall confer with the Union Representative regarding the need for such an exception.

L. Surplus Exemption for Curricular, Co-curricular Activity

The responsibility of the principal to maintain properly approved curricular and cocurricular activities in his/her school is acknowledged. If the declaring of surplus personnel, under the provisions of Section 6 of this Article, affects the ability of the principal to retain qualified personnel (as determined by the principal) to coach or manage these activities, he/she may request approval of the ACCESS Center Assistant Superintendent for certain curricular and co-curricular exemptions. Such request(s) with supporting rationale shall be in writing with a copy to the Union. Approval by the ACCESS Center Assistant Superintendent shall be given in writing to the requesting principal and a copy to the Union. Exemptions, pursuant to this Section, are grievable but not subject to arbitration. Curricular and co-curricular exemptions may be granted to the following positions:

Business manager, athletic trainer, athletic director, department head, interdisciplinary team leader (middle school), debate coach, drama coach, yearbook sponsor, newspaper sponsor, band director, choral director, activities director, and head coaches of all high school sports teams.

Building stewards and Union designee, both instructional and non-instructional, shall be exempt from the application of surplus transfer criteria, except where an entire program is eliminated.

If the existing Union rules determining the number of stewards at each work location are changed, negotiations on this provision may be reopened by the Board.

Section 7. Voluntary/Hardship Transfers

Recognizing the need to maintain both staff stability and opportunities for employees to transfer from one work location to another, the Board agrees to provide opportunities for voluntary/hardship transfers as follows:

A. Effective with the 1999-2000 school year, newly-hired teachers will be eligible to

submit a transfer application only if he/she has been employed at the same work location for a minimum of three school years.

- B. Transfer Applications -- Applications for transfers may be submitted, on forms furnished by the Board, anytime after February 1 for the following two school years. Requests will remain active until January 31 of the second year. Teachers on prescription are not eligible for transfer except as provided for in Florida Statutes, Section 231.29.
- C. Location Request -- Applicants shall have the opportunity to request up to six schools or up to two ACCESS Centers.
- D. Application Notification -- The Office of Human Resources will immediately forward approved transfer requests to the work locations requested by the applicant and will maintain a master file. A copy of the file will be provided to the bargaining agent.
- E. Types of Requests
 - 1. Hardship -- Hardship transfers will be established for those teachers who have completed at least one year of service and:
 - a. travel 20 miles or more one way, by the most direct route within Miami-Dade County limits, to the work location; or
 - b. have serious medical and/or other personal problems which can be substantiated by appropriate authority or acceptable written explanation.

An employee who rejects a hardship transfer to one of the locations requested will be removed from the eligible list.

- 2. Voluntary -- All other transfers shall be classified as voluntary and shall be given consideration for filling vacancies prior to selecting new hires.
- F. Filling Vacancies
 - 1. Hardship transfer applicants shall be interviewed by the principal or his/her designee at the locations requested, provided the applicant is certified to fill the available vacancy.
 - 2. Consideration for vacancies shall first be given to those employees who have submitted a request for transfer, pursuant to the other provisions of this Section, provided the applicant is qualified, eligible, and available to fill the position.
 - 3. The principal will notify, in writing, all applicants who have been interviewed as to the disposition of the vacancy for which they were interviewed.
- G. Window Period -- During the period of May 15 through the last Friday in June, except

for teachers who have been declared surplus, only transfer applicants shall be considered to fill vacancies. Exceptions will be granted to schools where no certified/qualified applicant has applied.

Schools may not accept teacher transfers after the last Friday in January.

- H. Disapproval of Voluntary Transfer Requests
 - 1. Reasons for disapproval of voluntary transfer requests by the sending principal are:
 - a. unavailability of a suitable replacement where approval of the request would adversely affect the school's compliance with goals as provided for in School Board Rule 6Gx13- <u>4A-1.01</u> Equal Opportunity Employment and Assignment. If the principal recommends disapproval of a transfer request, due to lack of a suitable replacement, and the Office of Personnel Management and Services can provide a suitable replacement, the transfer will be approved; or
 - teacher has overall evaluation of unacceptable or is under an official prescription of professional growth remedies in any category prescribed prior to June 1 except as provided for in Florida Statutes, Section 1012.34.

If extenuating circumstances exist which are not covered by these reasons, the principal is authorized to request a waiver by submitting a request along with a statement of the extenuating circumstances to the Chief Personnel Officer. A copy of such request shall be provided to UTD in a timely manner.

- 2. Reasons for disapproval of voluntary transfer requests by the receiving principal are:
 - a. teacher is not certified or does not have the endorsement for position(s) to be filled;
 - teacher has overall evaluation of unacceptable or is under an official prescription of professional growth remedies in any category prescribed prior to June 1 except as provided for in Florida Statutes, Section 1012.34; or
 - c. principal has documented specific, adverse staffing and/or programmatic impact (e.g., current need for teacher with multiple certification).

The final decision on transfers, when either the sending or receiving principal has recommended disapproval, shall be made by the Chief Personnel Officer or designee.

However, the parties agree that teachers possessing a Professional Services Contract who have ended the school year on prescription shall have the right to request and receive consideration for transferring to another school.

In the event of disputes, as to whether or not a transfer request should have been disapproved and/or a waiver of reasons granted, the Union, the Office of Human Resources and Civil Rights and Diversity Compliance shall review the pertinent procedures and individual circumstances through a joint committee established to review transfer procedures. The composition of the review committee shall be jointly determined by the parties.

Section 8. Involuntary Transfer

The Superintendent or his/her designee may, when deemed in the best interest of the school system, involuntarily transfer unit members. Before an employee is involuntarily transferred, a conference shall be held with the ACCESS Center Assistant Superintendent or his/her designee or appropriate division head, except where such transfers are a result of a legal order. Employees who are involuntarily transferred, pursuant to this Section, will have the right to be accompanied by two representatives of the Union and shall be informed of this right. If the Union refuses to represent the employee, he/she has the right to be accompanied to the conference by a fellow employee.

Section 9. Project Employees

Any person regularly employed by the Board, who is assigned to work with a project funded from sources other than the state and local tax sources, shall retain all the rights and privileges and accrue all rights and privileges as if he/she had remained in his/her original position. These persons employed specifically for the purposes of working in a project that is funded from sources other than state and local tax sources shall accrue all rights and privileges as any other person employed in the regular program but shall not be entitled to continue employment with the school system, if the program in which he/she works is discontinued. If such person is reassigned in the regular program, with no lapse of time, he/she shall be entitled to retain all the rights and privileges accrued under the program funded.